

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF OREGON  
PORTLAND DIVISION

**JOHN PAUL LEWIS,**

Plaintiff,

v.

**WASHINGTON COUNTY JAIL,  
WASHINGTON COUNTY COURTHOUSE,  
HAROLD LLOYD LEWIS, and MICHAEL  
A. SCHMIDT,**

Defendant.

**MOSMAN, J.,**

No. 3:14-cv-01902-ST

OPINION AND ORDER

On December 22, 2014, Magistrate Judge Stewart issued her Findings and Recommendation (“F&R”) [4] in the above-captioned case, recommending that Plaintiff’s Application to Proceed *In Forma Pauperis* [1] be granted, his complaint be dismissed with prejudice, and his Motion for Appointment of Counsel [3] be denied as moot. No objections were filed.

**DISCUSSION**

The magistrate judge makes only recommendations to the court, to which any party may file written objections. The court is not bound by the recommendations of the magistrate judge, but retains responsibility for making the final determination. The court is generally required to make a de novo determination regarding those portions of the report or specified findings or

recommendation as to which an objection is made. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C). However, the court is not required to review, de novo or under any other standard, the factual or legal conclusions of the magistrate judge as to those portions of the F&R to which no objections are addressed. *See Thomas v. Arn*, 474 U.S. 140, 149 (1985); *United States v. Reyna-Tapia*, 328 F.3d 1114, 1121 (9th Cir. 2003). While the level of scrutiny under which I am required to review the F&R depends on whether or not objections have been filed, in either case, I am free to accept, reject, or modify any part of the F&R. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C).

Upon review, I agree with Judge Stewart's recommendation, and I ADOPT the F&R [4] as my own opinion.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED this 16th day of January, 2015.

/s/ Michael W. Mosman  
MICHAEL W. MOSMAN  
United States District Judge